



Plan 2: State Employees, Teachers and General Political Subdivision Employees

Average Final Compensation	Your average final compensation is the average of your 60 consecutive months of highest creditable compensation as a covered employee.
Service Benefit Calculation	<p>Your unreduced Basic Benefit is calculated using the following formula:</p> $\frac{\begin{array}{l} \text{Average final compensation} \\ \times \text{ Retirement multiplier} \\ \times \text{ Total years of service credit at retirement} \end{array}}{\text{Annual benefit amount}} \div 12 \text{ months}$ <p>Annual benefit amount</p> $\frac{\text{Annual benefit amount}}{\div 12 \text{ months}}$ <p>Monthly benefit amount before taxes and other deductions</p> <p>A reduction factor is applied to your monthly benefit amount if you retire with a reduced retirement benefit (see below) or a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.</p>
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)	A cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) allows your retirement benefit to keep pace with inflation. The COLA is based on the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U), published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and updated each July 1. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA will be 0 percent.
Death-in-Service Benefit	If you die while you are an active member (“in service”), your beneficiary or your spouse, natural or legally adopted minor child or parent may be eligible for a death-in-service benefit in addition to any life insurance benefits you may have.
Disability	If you are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier will be 1.65 percent on all service credit, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted, or you may be covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). Learn more about VSDP at www.varetire.org/vsdp .
Unreduced Service Retirement Eligibility	Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when your age (years) and service (years) equal 90.
Reduced Service Retirement Eligibility	Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.
Mandatory Retirement Distribution	If you defer retirement and do not apply for retirement by April 1 following the calendar year in which you turn age 70½, VRS will pay you a retirement benefit (Basic Benefit option), as required by law. If you are not vested, you will receive a refund of your member contribution account balance, excluding any member contributions made by your employer to your account after July 1, 2010, and the interest on these contributions.

Normal Service Retirement Age	Normal Social Security retirement age.
Prior Service Credit	If you have prior service, you may be eligible to purchase this service as credit in your plan. Eligible prior service includes federal and other public service, active duty military service, certain types of leave and VRS refunded service. Prior service credit counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and eligibility for the health insurance credit, if offered by your employer. Visit myVRS.varetire.org/pps to learn more.
Retirement Contributions	<p>You contribute 5 percent of your creditable compensation each month to your member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Your contributions are tax-deferred until you withdraw them as part of your retirement benefit or as a refund. The <i>Code of Virginia</i> prohibits members from borrowing from their member contribution accounts.</p> <p>Your employer makes a separate contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests contributions to provide for your future benefit payment.</p>
Service Retirement Multiplier	A service retirement multiplier is a factor that determines how much of your average final compensation will be used to calculate your retirement benefit. For service retirement, your retirement multiplier is 1.65 percent on service credit earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013, and 1.7 percent on service earned, purchased or granted before January 1, 2013.
Creditable Service	<p>Service credit has monetary value when it is used to calculate your retirement benefit or if you take a refund of your member contributions and interest.</p> <p>You earn service credit for each month you are reported in a covered position. Service credit can include credit for prior service earned, purchased or granted.</p>
Vesting	You become vested in VRS when you have at least five years of service credit. Vesting is the minimum length of service needed to qualify for a future retirement benefit, if you meet the age and service requirements for your plan, or to receive any contributions made by your employer to your member contribution account after July 1, 2010, should you leave covered employment and request a refund.